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ADA 86.7

Ada COMPILER VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT:

Alsys AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1 TANDY 3000

Completion of On-Site Validation: 25 April 1986

Prepared By: **BNI** Domaine de Voluceau ROCQUENCOURT B.P.105 - 78153 LE CHESNAY CEDEX FRANCE

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Prepared For: Ada Joint Program Office United States Department of Defense Communication Washington, D.C.

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Validation Summary Report

Ada Compiler Validation Summary Report:

Compiler name: AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1

Host Creputer
TANDY 3000
under
MS/DOS Version 3.1

Target Computer
TANDY 3000
under
MS/DOS Version 3.1

Testing Completed 25 April 1986 Using ACVC 1.7

This report has been reviewed and approved:

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Washington, D.C.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Validation Summary Report presents the results and conclusions of testing performed on the AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1. Standardized tests serve as input to an Ada compiler, producing results which are evaluated by the validation team. This summary briefly states the highlights of the AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1 validation.

On-site testing was completed by 25 April 1986 at Alsys at La Celle Saint-Cloud, France under the auspices of the BNI (AVF), according to Ada Validation Office policies and procedures. The AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1 is hosted on TANDY 3000 operating under MS/DOS Version 3.1. The suite of tests known as the Ada Compiler Validation Capability (ACVC), Version 1.7, was used. The ACVC is used to validate conformance of a compiler to ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A Ada. The purpose of testing is to ensure that a compiler properly implements legal language constructs and that it identifies and rejects illegal language constructs. The testing also identifies behavior that is implementation dependent but permitted by the Ada Standard. Six classes of tests are used. These tests are designed to perform checks at compile time, at link time, or during execution.

The results of validation are summarized in the following table.

RESULT	TEST CLASS										
	_	_B_	<u>_c</u>	<u>D</u>	Ŀ						
Passed	68	820	1014	12	9	21	1944				
Failed	0	0	ø	0	0	ø	0				
Inapplicable	0	4	306	5	2	2	319				
Anomalous	0	0	0	0	ø	ø	0				
Withdrawn	0	4	12	0	0	0	16				
TOTAL	68	828	1332	17	11	23	2279				

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Tests found to contain errors were withdrawn from Version 1.7 of the Ada Compiler Validation Capability (ACVC). When validation was completed, the following tests had been withdrawn:

C35904A C41404A C48008A
C4A014A B4A010C B83A06B
C92005A C940ACA CA1003B
BA2001E CA3005A..D (4 tests) BC3204C
CE2107E

Some tests demonstrate that language features are not supported by an implementation. For this implementation the tests determined the following.

. SHORT_FLOAT is not supported:

B86001CP

C34001F

C35702A

. LONG_FLOAT is not supported:

B86001CQ

C34001G

C35702B

. Representation clauses for noncontiguous enumeration representations are not supported:

C55B16

. No other integer type other than INTEGER, SHORT_INTEGER, AND LONG_INTEGER is supported:

B86001DT

. The package SYSTEM is used by package TEXT_10:

C86001F

. The 'SIZE clause is not supported:

C87B62A

. The 'STORAGE_SIZE clause is not supported:

C87B62B

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. The 'SMALL clause is not supported:

C87B62C

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. Generic package bodies can be compiled in separate compiletion files, but before any corresponding generic instantiation:

CA2009C

BC3205D

. Generic subprogram bodies can be compiled in, but before any corresponding generic instantiation:

CA2009F

. Pragma INLINE is not supported for procedures:

LA3004A

EA3004C CA3004E

. Pragma INLINE is not supported for functions:

LA3004B

EA3004D CA3004F

. No more than one internal file can be associated with the same external file, if one of the internal files is used for writing :

 CE2107B
 CE2107C
 CE2107D

 CE2111D
 CE3111B
 CE3111C

 CE3114B
 CE3111D
 CE3111E

. An external file associated with more than one internal file cannot be reset for writing:

CE2111H

CE3115A

. An external file associated with more than one internal file cannot be deleted:

CE2110B

. The compiler's capacity with respect to levels of loop nesting is at least 17 levels, but less than 31:

D55A03E..H (4 tests)

. The compiler's capacity with respect to the levels of block nesting is less than 65:

D56001B

. The library tasks were aborted when the main program terminated.

C94004A..C (3 tests)

ACVC Version 1.7 was taken on-site via magnetic tape to Alsys at La Celle Saint-Cloud, France. The tape was loaded, and all tests, except the withdrawn tests and any executable tests which make use of a floating point precision greater than SYSTEM.MAX_DIGITS, were compiled on TANDY 3000. Class A, C, D, and E tests were executed on TANDY 3000.

On completion of testing, all results were analyzed for failed Class A, C, D, or E programs, and all Class B and L compilation results were individually analyzed.

The ACVC, Version 1.7, contains 2279 tests of which 1944 were applicable to AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1. No anomalies were found in the testing of this compiler. Testing demonstrated that all applicable tests were passed by this compiler. The AVF concluded that the results show acceptable compliance to ANSI/MIL—STD—1815A Ada.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

The Validation Summary Report describes how an Ada compiler conforms to the language standard. This report explains all technical terms used within and thoroughly reports the Ada Compiler Validation Capability (ACVC) test results. Add compilers must be written according to the language specification as given in the ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A Ada. All implementation-defined features must be included for the compiler to conform to the Standard. Following the guidelines of the Standard ensures continuity between compilers. That is, the entire Standard must be implemented, and nothing can be implemented that is not in the Standard.

Even though all validated Ada compilers conform to the Standard, it must be understood that some differences do exist between implementations. ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A permits some implementation dependencies, e.g., the maximum length of identifiers, the maximum values of integer types, etc. These implementation-dependent features limit the portability of programs between compilers. Other differences between compilers are due to limitotions imposed on a compiler by the operating system and by the hardware. All of these dependencies are given in the report.

Validation summary reports are written according to a standardized format. Compiler users can, therefore, more easily compare the reports from several compilers when selecting a compiler for a given task. The validation report can be completed mostly from the test results produced during validation testing. Additional testing information is given at the end of the report and states problems and details which are unique for a specific compiler. The format of the validation report limits variance between reports, enhances readability of the report, and accelerates report readiness.

1.1- PURPOSE OF THIS VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT

The Validation Summary Report documents the results of the testing performed on an Ada compiler. Testing was carried out for the following purposes:

. To identify any language constructs supported by the translator that do not conform to the Ada Standard

- . To identify any unsupported language constructs required by the Ada Standard
- . To describe the implementation—dependent behavior allowed by the Ada Standard

Testing of this compiler was conducted under the supervision of BNI according to policies and procedures established by the Ada Validation Office (AVO). Testing was completed by 25 April 1986 at Alsys at La Celle Saint-Cloud, France.

1.2- USE OF THIS VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT

Consistent with the national laws of the originating country, the Ada Validation Office may make full and free public disclosure of this report. In the United States, this is provided in accordance with the "Freedom of Information Act" (5 U.S.C. %#552). The results of this validation apply only to the computers, operating systems, and compiler versions identified in this report.

The organizations represented on the signature page of this report do not represent or warrant that any statement or statements set forth in this report are accurate or complete, or that the subject compiler has no nonconformances to the Ado Standard other than those presented. This report is not intended for the purpose of publicizing the findings summarized herein.

Questions regarding this report or the validation tests should be directed to:

Ada Validation Office Institute for Defense Analyses 1801 N. Beauregard Alexandria VA 22311

end to:

BNI Domaine de Voluceau ROCQUENCOURT B.P.105 - 78153 LE CHESNAY CEDEX FRANCE

1.3- REFERENCES

- . Reference Manual for the Ada Programming Language, ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A, Feb 1983.
- . Ada Validation Organization : Policies and Procedures, T.H. Probert, June 1982, The MITRE Corporation MTR-82W00103.
- . Ada Compiler Validation Capability Implementers' Guide, SofTech, Inc., Dec 1984.

1.4- DEFINITION OF TERMS

Anomaly	A	test	result	t that,	given	pre-validatio	n onoly	sis, is
	no	t exp	ected	during	forma	l validation	but is	j udge d

allowable under the circumstances.

The Ada Compiler Validation Capability. A set of ACVC programs that evaluates the conformance of a compiler to the Ada language specification, ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A.

Ada Standard ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A, February 1983.

Applicant The agency requesting validation.

AVF The BNI. In the context of this report, the AVF is responsible for conducting compiler validations according to established policies and procedures.

AVO The Ada Validation Office. In the context of this report, the AVO is responsible for setting policies and procedures for compiler validations.

Compiler A processor for the Ada language. In the context of this report, a compiler is any language processor. including cross-compilers, translators, and interpret-

Failed test A test for which the compiler generates a result that

demonstrates nonconformance to the Ada Standard.

Host The computer on which the compiler resides. 05/22/86

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Inapplicable test

A test that uses features of the language that a compiler is not required to support or may legitimately support in a way other than the one expected by the test.

Passed test

A test for which a compile generates the expected

result.

Target

The computer for which a compiler generates code.

Test

A program that evaluates the conformance of a compiler to a language specification. In the context of this report, the term is used to designate a single ACVC test. The text of a program may be the text of one or

more compilations.

Withdrawn test

A test that has an invalid test objective, fails to meet its test objective, or contains illegal use of the

language.

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1.5- CONFIGURATION

The candidate compilation—system for this validation was—tested under the configuration:

Compiler: AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1

Test Suite: Ada Compiler Validation Capability, Version 1.7

Host Computer:

Machine(s):

TANDY 3000

Operating System:

MS/DOS Version 3.1

Memory Size:

augmented to 4 Megabytes

Target Computer:

Machine(s):

TANDY 3000

Operating System:

MS/DOS Version 3.1

Memory Size:

augmented to 4 Megabytes

One TANDY 3000 with the above configuration was used to process the ${\sf ACVC}$ tests.

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Validation Summary Report

CHAPTER 2

TEST RESULTS

2.1- ACVC Test Classes

Conformance to ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A is measured using the Ada Compiler Validation Capability (ACVC). The ACVC contains both legal and illegal Ada programs structured into six test classes: A, B, C, D, E, and L. Legal programs are compiled and executed while illegal programs are just compiled. Support packages are used to report the results of the legal programs. A compiler must correctly process each of the tests in the suite and demonstrate conformance to the Ada Standard by either meeting the pass criteria given for the test or by showing that the test is inapplicable to the implementation. Tests that are found to contain errors are withdrawn from the ACVC. Detailed test results are listed in the Appendix D. The results of validation testing are summarized in the following table:

RESULT			TEST	CLASS	;		TOTAL
	&	<u>_B</u> _	ے۔	_0_	Ŀ	1	
Passed	68	820	1014	12	9	21	1944
Failed	0	0	0	0	ø	0	0
Inapplicable	0	4	30 5	5	2	2	319
Anomalous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrown	0	4	12	0	0	0	16
TOTAL	68	828	1332	17	11	23	2279

A total of 1985 tests were processed during this validation attempt. The 16 withdrawn tests in Version 1.7 were not processed, nor were 278 Class C tests that were inapplicable because they use floating point types having digits that exceed the maximum value for the implementation. All other tests were processed.

Some conventions are followed in the ACVC to ensure that the tests are reasonably portable without modification. For example, the tests make use of only the basic 55 character set, contain lines with a maximum length of 72 characters, use small numeric values, and place features that may not be

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supported in separate tests. However, some tests contain values that require the test to be customized according to implementation—specific values. The values used for this validation are listed in Appendix B.

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2.1.1- Class A Tests

Class A tests check that legal Ada programs can be successfully compiled and executed. However, no checks are performed during execution to see if the test objective has been met. For example, a Class A test checks that reserved words of another language (other than those already reserved in the Ada language) are not treated as reserved words by an Ada compiler. A Class A test is passed if no errors are detected at compile time and the program executes to produce a message indicating that it has passed. If a Class A test cannot be compiled and executed because of its size, then the test is split into a set of smaller subtests that can be processed. Splits were required for 2 tests:

AE2101A

AE2101F

The following table shows that all applicable Class A tests were passed:

RESULT	CHAPTER												
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	_10	_11	_12	_14	<u> JAIOI</u>
Passed	15	9	0	5	2	12	13	3	0	0	0	9	68
Failed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inapplicable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anomalous	0	ø	0	0	0	0	0	0	ø	0	ø	ø	0
Withdrawn	0	é	0	0	0	0	0	Ø	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	15	9	0	5	2	12	13	3	ø	0	0	9	6 8

2.1.2- Class B Tests

Class B tests check that a compiler detects iffec i language usage. Class B tests are not executable. Each test in this class is compiled and the resulting compilation listing is examined manually to verify that every syntax or semantic error in the test is detected. A Class B test is passed if every illegal construct that it contains is detected by the compiler. If one or more errors are not detected, then a version of the test is created that contains only the undetected errors. The resulting "split" is compiled and examined. The splitting process continues until all errors are detected by the compiler. Splits were required for 12 tests:

B32202A	B33006A	B37004A
B43201D	B61012A	B62001B
B91004A	BA1101B	BC3009A
BC3009C	BC3204D	BC3205E

The following table shows that all applicable Class B tests were passed:

RESULT	CHAPTER												
	_2	_3	_4	5	6		8	و	_10	_11	_12	_14	<u> LATOT</u>
Possed	39	86	86	113	73	67	48	87	36	8	159	18	820
Failed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inapplicable	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	4
Anomalous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawn	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	ø	4
TOTAL	39	86	87	113	73	67	52	87	37	8	161	18	828

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2.1.3- Class C Tests

Class C tests check that legal Ada programs can be correctly compiled and executed. Each Class C test is self-checking and produces a PASS/FAIL message indicating the result when it is executed. If a Class C test cannot be compiled because it exceeds the compiler's capacity, then the test is split into smaller subtests until all are compiled and executed. Splits were required for 6 tests:

C23003G..J (4 tests)

C23006E

C23006G

The following table shows that all applicable Class C tests were passed:

RESULT	CHAPTER												
·	2	3	_4	5	6	_7	8	9	_10	_11	_12	_14	TOTAL
Passed	37	90	162	118	82	18	93	106	40	20	56	192	1014
Failed	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inapplicable	23	119	140	1	0	0	4	3	4	0	0	12	306
Anomalous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawn	0	1	3	9	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	12
TOTAL	60	210	305	119	82	18	97	111	49	20	56	205	1332

2.1.4- Class D Tests

Class D tests check the compilation and execution capacities of a compiler. Since there are no requirements placed on a compiler by the Ada Standard for the number of identifiers permitted in a compilation, the number of units in a library, the number of nested loops in a subprogram body, and so on, a compiler may refuse to compile a Class D test. Each Class D test is self—checking and produces a PASS/FAIL message indicating the result when it is executed. If a Class D test fails to compile because the capacity of the compiler is exceeded, then the test is classified as inapplicable.

The following table shows that all applicable Class D tests were passed:

RESULT	CHAPTER												
	_2.	_3.	_4 .	5.	_6.	_7.	_8 .	. فــ	_10 .	_11	_12	_14	TOTAL
Passed	1	0	4	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Failed	Ø	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inapplicable	Ø	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Anomalous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	e	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	0	4	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17

Capacities measured by the Class D tests are detailed in section 2.4, IMPLEMENTATION CHARACTERISTICS.

2.1.5- Class E Tests

Class E tests provide information about the compiler in those areas in which the Ada Standard permits implementations to differ. Each Class E test is executable and produces messages that indicate how the Ada Standard is interpreted. However, in some cases the Ada Standard permits a compiler to detect a condition either at compile time or at execution time, and thus a Class E test may correctly fail to execute. A Class E test is passed if it fails to compile and appropriate error messages are issued, or if it executes properly and produces a message that it has passed. If a Class E test cannot be compiled and executed because of its size, then the test is split into a set of smaller subtests that can be processed. No splits were required.

The following table shows that all applicable Class E tests were passed:

RESULT	CHAPTER												
	_2	3	_4	5	6		8	9	_10	_11	_12	_14	JATOL
Passed	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9
Failed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lnapplicable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Anomalous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	11

Information obtained from the Class E tests is detailed in section 2.4, IMPLEMENTATION CHARACTERISTICS.

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2.1.6- Class L Tests

Class L tests check that incomplete or illegal Ada programs involving multiple, separately compiled units are detected and not allowed to execute. Class L tests are compiled separately and execution is attempted. A Class L test passes if it is rejected at link time and the test does not execute.

The following table shows that all applicable Class L tests were passed:

RESULT	CHAPTER												
	_2 -	3 .	_4.	_5 .	_6 .	_7 .	8	_9	_10	_11	_12	<u> 14</u>	IQIAL
Passed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	21	0	0	0	21
Failed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inapplicable	ø	ø	0	0	0	ø	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Anomalous	ø	ø	ø	0	0	ø	ø	ø	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawn	0	ø	0	0	0	0	0	0	ø	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	ø	0	0	0	ø	0	ø	9	23	0	0	0	23

2.1.7- Support Units

Three packages support the self-checking features of Class C tests: REPORT, CHECK_FILE, and VAR_STRINGS. The REPORT package provides the mechanism by which executable tests report results. It also provides a set of identity functions that are used to defeat some compiler optimization strategies to cause computations to be made by the target computer instead of the by the compiler on the host computer. The CHECK_FILE package is used to check the contents of text files written by some of the Class C tests for Chapter 14 of the Ado Standard. The VAR_STRINGS package defines types and subprograms for manipulating varying—length character strings. The operation of these three packages is checked by a set of executable tests. These tests produce messages that are examined manually to verify that the packages are operating correctly. If these packages are not operating correctly, then validation is not attempted.

An applicant is permitted to substitute the body of package REPORT with an equivalent one if for some reason the original version provided by the ACVC cannot be executed on the target computer. Package REPORT was not modified for this validation.

All support package specifications and bodies were compiled and were demonstrated to be operating correctly.

2.2- WITHDRAWN TESTS

Some tests are withdrawn from the ACVC because they do not conform to the Add Standard. When testing was performed, the following 16 tests had been withdrawn for the reasons indicated:

C35904A:

The elaboration of subtype declarations SFX3 & SFX4 may raise NUMERIC_ERROR vs. CONSTRAINT_ERROR.

C41404A: The values of 'LAST and 'LENGTH in the "if" statements from line 74 to the end of the test are incorrect.

C48008A:

This test requires that the evaluation of default initial values not occur if an exception is raised by an allocator. However, the LMC has ruled that such a requirement is incorrect (AI-00397).

B4A010C:

The object_declaration in line 18 follows a subprogram body of the same declarative part.

C4A014A:

The number declarations in lines 19-22 are not correct, because conversions are not static.

B83A06B:

The Ada Standards 8.3(17) and Al_00330 permit the label LAB_ENUMERAL of line 80 to be considered a homograph of the enumeration literal in

C92005A:

At line 40, "/=" for type PACK.BIG_INT is not visible without a "use" clause for package PACK.

C940ACA:

This test assumes that allocated task TT1 will run prior to the main program, and thus assign SPYNUMB the value checked for by the main program; however, such an execution order is not required by the Ado Standard, so the test is erroneous.

CA1003B:

This test requires all of the legal compilation units of a file containing some illegal units to be compiled and executed. But according to Al-00255, such a file may be rejected as a whole.

BA2001E:

The Ada Standards 10.2(5) states that "simple names of all subunits that have the same ancestor library unit must be distinct identifiers." This test checks for the above condition when stubs are declared; but it is not clear that the check must be made then, as apposed to when the subunit is compiled.

CA3005A..D: (4 tests)

There exists no valid elaboration order for these tests.

BC3204C:

The file BC3204C4 should contain the body for BC3204C0—as indicated in line 25 of BC3204C3M.

CE2107E:

TEMP_HAS_NAME must be given an initial value of TRUE

FOOTSCOOL BUSINESS 20551150 WESTSCOOL PRESENT

2.3- INAPPLICABLE TESTS

Some tests use features of the Ada language that the Ada Standard does not require a compiler to support; thus these tests may be inapplicable to a particular compiler. Others may depend on the result of another test that is either inapplicable or withdrawn. For this validation attempt, 319 tests were inapplicable for the reasons indicated:

B86001DT (1 test)

is inapplicable because this implementation has no This test predefined type other than INTEGER, FLOAT, SHORT_INTEGER, SHORT_FLOAT, LONG_INTEGER, LONG_FLOAT and DURATION.

C24113C..Y

C35705C..Y

C35706C..Y

C35707C..Y

C35708C..Y

C35802C..Y

C45241C..Y

C45321C..Y

C45421C..Y

C45424C..Y

C45521C..Z

C45621C...Z (10*23 + 2*24 = 278 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation limits digits

B86001CP

C34001F

C35702A (1*3 = 3 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation does not support SHORT_FLOAT.

B86001CQ

C34001G

C357028 (1*3 = 3 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation does not support LONG_FLOAT.

C55B16A

C87B62A...C (1+3 = 4 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation does not support representation clauses.

C86001F (1 test)

This test is inapplicable because package SYSTEM is used by $TEXT_10$.

BC3205D

CA2009C

CA2009F (1+3 = 3 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation does not support instantiating missing generic bodies.

CA3004E..F

EA3004C..D

LA3004A..B (3*2 = 6 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation does not support pragma INLINE. These tests ignore the pragma and are processed correctly.

CE2107B..D

CE2110B

CE2111D

CE2111H

CE3111B..E

CE3114B

CE3115A (3+1+1+1+4+1+1 = 12 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because this implementation does not support the sharing of external file by several internal files when one of the external file is opened for writing.

D55A03E..H (4 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because the compiler's capacity with respect to levels of loop nesting is at least 17 levels, but less than 31.

D56001B

This test is inapplicable because the compiler's capacity with respect to the levels of block nesting is less than 65.

C94004A..C (3 tests)

These tests are inapplicable because the library tasks were aborted when the main program terminated.

2.4- IMPLEMENTATION CHARACTERISTICS

One of the purposes of validation is to determine the behavior of a compiler in those areas of the Ada Standard that permit implementations to differ. Class D and E tests specifically check for such implementation differences. However, inapplicable tests in other classes also characterize an implementation. This compiler is characterized by the following interpretations of the Ada Standard:

. Non-graphic characters.

Non-graphic characters are defined in the ASCII character set but are not permitted in the texts of Ada programs. The compiler correctly recognizes these characters as illegal in Ada compilations. The characters are printed in the output listing.

. Capacities.

The compiler correctly processes compilations containing loop statements nested to at least 17 levels (but less than 31), procedures nested to at least 17 levels (but less than 31), and 723 variables.

. Universal integer calculations.

An implementation is allowed to reject universal integer calculations having values that exceed SYSTEM.MAX_INT. This implementation does not reject such calculations and processes them correctly.

. Predefined types.

This implementation supports the predefined types SHORT_INTEGER, INTEGER, LONG_INTEGER, FLOAT and DURATION. It does not support any other predefined numeric types.

. Based literals.

An implementation—is allowed to reject a based literal with value exceeding SYSTEM.MAX_INT during compilation or it may raise NUMERIC_ERROR—during execution. This compiler raises NUMERIC_ERROR during execution.

. Array types.

An implementation is allowed to raise NUMERIC_ERROR for an array having a 'LENGTH that exceeds STANDARD.INTEGER'LAST and/or SYSTEM.MAX_INT. When an array type is declared with an index range exceeding INTEGER values and with a component that is a null BOOLEAN array, this compiler does not raise any exception.

When an array type is declared with an index range exceeding SYSTEM.MAX_INT values and with a component that is a null BOOLEAN array, this compiler raises NUMERIC_ERROR.

A packed BOOLEAN array of length INTEGER_LAST+3 does not raise any exception. A packed two-dimensional BOOLEAN array with INTEGER_LAST+3 components does not raise any exception.

NOTE: this compiler does not support pragma PACK.

A null array with one dimension of length exceeding INTEGER'LAST does not raises NUMERIC_ERROR.

In assigning one-dimensional array types, the entire expression is evaluated before CONSTRAINT_ERROR is raised when checking whether the expression's subtype is compatible with the target's subtype.

In assigning two-dimensional array types, the entire expression is NOT evaluated before CONSTRAINT_ERROR is raised when checking whether the expression's subtype is compatible with the target's subtype.

. Discriminated types.

In assigning record types with discriminants, the entire expression is evaluated before CONSTRAINT_ERROR is raised when checking whether the expression's subtype is compatible with the target's subtype.

An incompletely declared type—with discriminants may be used in an access type definition—and constrained either there or in later subtype indications.

. Aggregates.

When evaluating the choices of a multi-dimensional aggregate the order in which choices are evaluated and index subtype checks are made depends upon the aggregate itself.

When evaluating an aggregate containing subaggregates, all choices are evaluated before being checked for identical bounds.

. Functions.

The declaration of a parameterless function with the same profile as an enumeration literal in the same immediate scope is rejected by the implementation.

. Representation clauses.

'SMALL length clauses are not supported.

Enumeration representation clauses are not supported.

. Tasks.

A task object's storage size is not allowed to change after the task is activated.

Generics

When given a separately compiled generic declaration, some illegal instantiations, and a body, the compiler ignores the body because it is not in the same compilation as its declaration and it is compiled after the instantiations. It issues a warning for each instantiation, stating that a null body is assumed.

. Package CALENDAR.

TIME_OF and SPLIT are inverses when SECONDS is a non-model number.

. Pragmas.

Pragma INLINE is not supported for procedures. It is not supported for functions.

. Input/output.

Package SEQUENTIAL_IO can be instantiated with unconstrained array types and record types with discriminants. Package DIRECT_IO can be instantiated with unconstrained array types and record types with discriminants without defaults. However any call to OPEN or CREATE of such instances will raise an exception.

More than one internal file can be associated with each external file for sequential 1/0 for reading only. An external file associated with more than one internal file cannot be deleted.

More than one internal file can be associated with each external file for direct 1/0 for reading only. An external file associated with more than one internal file cannot be deleted.

COSTANT PROGRAM (CONTRACTOR ASSESSED

More than one internal file can be associated with each external file for text I/O for reading only. An external file associated with more than one internal file cannot be deleted.

An existing text file can be opened in OUT_FILE mode, can be created in OUT_FILE mode, and can be created in IN_FILE mode.

Dynamic creation and resetting of a sequential file is allowed.

Temporary sequential files are given a name. Temporary direct files are given a name. Temporary files given names are not deleted when they are closed.

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CHAPTER 3

COMPILER ANOMALIES AND NONCONFORMANCES

3.1- ANOMALIES

An anomaly is a test result that, given the pre-validation analysis, was not expected during formal validation but which is judged allowable by the AVF and the AVO under the circumstances of the validation. No anomalies were detected in this validation attempt.

3.2- NONCONFORMANCES

Any discrepancy between expected test results and actual test results is considered to be a nonconformance. No nonconformances were detected in this validation attempt.

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CHAPTER 4

ADDITIONAL TESTING INFORMATION

4.1- PRE-VALIDATION

Prior to validation, a set of test results for ACVC 1.7 produced by AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1 was submitted to BNI by the applicant for pre-validation review. Analysis of these results demonstrated that the compiler successfully passed all applicable tests.

4.2- TEST SITE

Zests were compiled and executed at Alsys at La Celle Saint-Cloud, France.

4.3- TEST TAPE INFORMATION

A test tape containing ACVC Version 1.7 was taken on-site by the validation team. This tape contained all tests applicable to this validation as well as all tests inapplicable to this validation except for any Class C tests that require floating-point precision exceeding the maximum value supported by the implementation. Tests that were withdrown from ACVC 1.7 were not written to the tape. Tests that make use of values that are specific to an implementation were customized before being written to the tape. Any split tests were also included on the test tape so that no editing of these test files was necessary when the validation team arrived on-site.

The format of the test tape was the same as the ACVC distribution tapes. The files were mounted on a VAX. They were transferred from the VAX by an ETHERNET local area network to four IBM PC/ATs and subsequently transferred on floppy disks.

4.4- TESTING LOGISTICS

Processing of the tests was begun—using command scripts provided by Alsys. The text of these scripts are given in Appendix C.

The compiler supports various options that control its operation. The compiler was tested with the following option settings.

For tests from class C the following was used :

```
Alsys ADA Library Manager Version 1.00 (c) Copyright Alsys 1986
NEW (LIBRARY =>
                   COVERWRITE
     OPTIONS ->
                                  => NO,
                    TARGET_KIND => 1286 REAL,
                                  => YES) ;
                    TASKING
COMPILE (SOURCE
                    =>
                   => "adalib"
          LIBRARY
          DISPLAY
                   => (LIST_FILE
                                             => NO,
                        RECAP
                                             => NO.
                        WARNING
                                             => NO,
                        BANNER
                                             => NO,
                        TEXT
                                             => NO.
                        DETAIL
                                             => NO,
                        ASSEMBLY
                                             => NO),
          FORMAT
                    => (LINE_LENGTH
                                             => 79,
                        PAGE_LENGTH
                                             => 45),
          OPTIONS
                   => (ERRORS
                                             => 999
                        LEVEL.
                                             => CODE,
                                             => YES,
                        CHECKS
                        STACK_CHECK
                                             => YES,
                        CENERIC_STUBS
                                             => NO));
BIND (PROGRAM
                   => ,
=> "adalib",
                   =>
      LIBRARY
      DISPLAY
                   => (BIND MAP
                                            => NO,
                        LINK MAP
                                            => NO,
                        WARNING
                                            ≈> YES,
                        UNITS
                                            => NO,
                        ELABORATION
                                            => NO),
      OPTIONS
                   => (LEVEL
                                            => LINK,
                        EXECUTION MODE
                                            => LIBRARY DEFAULT,
                        OUTPUT NAMES
                                            => no value,
                        MAIN_STACK
                                            => 64,
                        TASK_STACK
INITIAL_HEAP
                                            => 8,
                                            => 64,
                       HEAP INCREMENT
STACK TRACE
FAST TIMER
RUNTIME OPTIONS
                                            ≈> 64,
                                           => YES,
                                           => NO,
                                           => NO),
      INTERFACED => (OBJECT_MODULES
                                            => no value,
                        SEARCH_LIBRARIES => no_value));
```

(C) Copyright Alsys 1986. All rights reserved.

Alsys PC AT Ada Version 1.00

For tests from classes A, B, D, E and L, the following was used :

```
Alsys ADA Library Manager Version 1.00 (c) Copyright Alsys 1986
NEW (LIBRARY =>
                   (OVERWRITE
     OPTIONS =>
                                  => NO,
                    TARGET_KIND => 1286_REAL,
                    TASKING
                                  => YES) ;
COMPILE (SOURCE
         LIBRARY => "\acvc\adalib",
                                             => NO,
                    => (LIST FILE
          DISPLAY
                                             => NO,
                        RECAP
                                             => YES.
                        WARNING
                                             => YES,
                        BANNER
                        TEXT
                                             => YES,
                                             => YES,
                        DETAIL
                        ASSEMBLY
                                             -> NO),
                      (LINE_LENGTH
PAGE_LENGTH
(ERRORS
                                             => 79,
          FORMAT
                                             =>45),
          OPTIONS =>
                                             => 999,
                                             => CODE,
                        LEVEL
                                             => YES,
                        CHECKS
                                             => YES,
                        STACK CHECK
                        GENERĪC_STUBS
                                             => NO));
-- BIND MAP-YES for L TEST ONLY
BIND (PROGRAM
                   => ,
=> "\acvc\adalib",
      LIBRARY
      DISPLAY
                    => (BIND MAP
                                            => NO,
                        LINK MAP
                                            => NO,
                                            => YES,
                        WARNING
                        UNITS
                                            => NO,
                        ELABORATION
                                            => NO)
      OPTIONS
                    => (LEVEL
                                            => LINK,
                        EXECUTION MODE
                                            => LIBRARY DEFAULT,
                        OUTPUT NAMES
                                            => no_value,
                        MAIN STACK
                                            => 64,
                                            => 8,
                        TASK_STACK
INITIAL_HEAP
                                            => 64,
                        HEAP INCREMENT
STACK TRACE
                                            => 64,
                                            => YES,
                        FAST_TIMER
RUNTIME_OPTIONS
                                            => NO,
                                            => NO),
       INTERFACED => (OBJECT MODULES
                                            => no value,
                        SEARCH_LIBRARIES => no_value));
Alsys PC AT Ada Version 1.00
```

(C) Copyright Alsys 1986. All rights reserved.

The procedure used for the validation of the TANDY 3000 was done on one machine. An overview of this procedure follows:

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All the ACVC sources were copied on floppy diskettes, each floppy containing one chapter. This set of floppies was then used as a master ACVC set.

The entire directory structure (with adaworld scripts in appropriate directories) was then created.

All these preliminary tasks being done, the procedure for validating an ACVC chapter was then :

- copy the master diskette containing the ACVC sources for the chapter into the corresponding subdirectory on the machine
- invoke the adaworld script for this chapter
- when the execution of the script was finished (and then the execution of the ACVC chapter), copy the contents of the subdirectories 1st (for compilation listings) and res (for execution result) on a transfer diskette, and send back the contents of that diskette on the VAX on which all results where accumulated.
 - The task of uploading from diskettes to the VAX was done using four IBM PC/ATs connected to the VAX via an ETHERNET local area network.
- finally the ACVC sources and all results for the chapter were deleted from the machine before starting the next chapter, so as not to run out of disk space.

This procedure was repeated for every ACVC chapter.

CHAPTER 5

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The BNI identified 1985 of the 2279 tests in ACVC Version 1.7 to be processed during the validation of AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1. Excluded were 278 tests requiring too great a floating-point precision, and the 16 withdrawn tests. 41 tests were determined to be inapplicable after they were processed. The remaining 1944 tests were passed by the compiler.

The BNI concludes that these results demonstrate acceptable conformance to the Ada Standard.

APPENDIX A

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The only allowed implementation dependencies correspond to implementation—dependent pragmas and attributes, to certain machine—dependent conventions as mentioned in Chapter 13 of MIL—STD—1815A, and to certain allowed restrictions on representation classes. The implementation—dependent characteristics of the AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1 are described in the following sections which discuss topics one through eight as stated in Appendix F of the Ada Language Reference Manual (ANSI/MIL—STD—1815A).

(1) Implementation—Dependent Pragmas

Pragma INTERFACE (language_name, subprogram_name);
Pragma INTERFACE_NAME (subprogram_name, string_literal);

(2) Implementation_Dependent Attributes

None.

(3) Package SYSTEM

```
The specification for package SYSTEM is
    package SYSTEM is
          type ADDRESS is access STRING;
         type NAME is (I_80x86);
         SYSTEM_NAME : constant NAME := I_80x86 ;
         STORAGE_UNIT : constant := 8 ;
         MEMORY_SIZE : constant := 640 * 1024;
         -- System-Dependent Named Numbers:
         MIN_INT
                      : constant := -(2**31);
                      : constant := 2**31 - 1 ;
         MAX_INT
         MAX_DIGITS : constant := 6;
         MAX_MANTISSA : constant := 31 ;
         FINE_DELTA : constant := 2#1.0#E-31;
         TICK
                     : constant := 1.0 / 18.2 ;
         - Other System-Dependent Declarations
          subype PRIORITY is INTEGER range 1..10;
     end SYSTEM;
```

(4) Representation Clause Restrictions

Representation clauses specify how the types of the language are to be mapped onto the underlying machine. The following are restrictions on representation clauses.

Address Clause

Not supported.

Length Clause

Not supported.

Enumeration Representation Clause

Not supported.

Record Representation Clause

Not supported.

(5) Conventions

The following conventions are used for an implementation—generated name denoting implementation—dependent components.

There are no implementation-generated names.

(6) Address Clouses

Adress clauses are not supported.

(7) Unchecked Conversions

The following are restrictions on unchecked conversions, including those depending on the respective sizes of objects of the source and target.

Unchecked conversions are allowed between any types which are implemented on the same physical size.

(8) Input-Output Packages

The following are implementation-dependent characteristics of the input-output packages.

SEQUENTIAL_IO Package

SEQUENTIAL_IO is defined as specified in the Standard. However SEQUENTIAL_IO is not supported for unconstrained types. The instantiation is accepted, but any call to OPEN or CREATE will raise USE_ERROR.

DIRECT_IO Package

DIRECT_10 is defined as specified in the Standard with COUNT defined as follows :

type COUNT is range 0 .. 2_147_483_647 ;

However DIRECT_10 is not supported for unconstrained types. The instantiation is accepted, but any call to OPEN or CREATE will raise USE_ERROR.

TEXT_IO Package

type COUNT is range 0 .. 2_147_483_647 ;
subtype FIELD is INTEGER range 0 .. 255 ;

LOW_LEVEL_IO

Not supported.

(9) Package STANDARD

MARKET RESESSE INTERNATION INTERNATION

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 $\boldsymbol{--}$ no predefined types other than those required by the Standard.

(10) File Names

APPENDIX B

TEST PARAMETERS

Certain tests in the ACVC make use of implementation-dependent values, such as the maximum length of an input line and invalid file names. A test that makes use of such values is identified by the extension .TST in its file name. Actual values to be substituted are identified by names that begin with a dollar sign. A value is substituted for each of these names before the test is run. The values used for this validation are given below.

Name_	and Meaning	Value
		<u> </u>

\$MAX_IN_LEN

Maximum input Line permitted by the implementation

255

\$BIG_ID1

Identifier of size MAX_IN_LEN with varying last character.

> X234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345AAAA .**AAAAAAAAAAAA**AA

\$BIG_ID2

Identifier of size MAX_IN_LEN with varying last character.

> X234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345AAAA ~^^^^^^^^ **AAAAAAAAAAAA**AAAA

Name and Meaning

Volue

\$BIG_ID3

Identifier of size MAX_IN_LEN with varying middle character.

\$BIG_ID4

Identifier of size MAX_IN_LEN with varying middle character.

\$NEG_BASED_INT

A based integer literal whose highest order non-zero bit falls in the sign bit position of the representation for SYSTEM.MAX_INT.

8#777777777776#

\$BIG_INT_LIT

An integer literal of value 298 with enough leading zeroes so that it is MAX_IN_LEN characters long.

\$BIG_REAL_LIT

A real literal that can be either of floating or fixed point type, has value 690.0, and has enough leading zeroes to be MAX_IN_LEN characters long.

Name and Meaning

SEXTENDED_ASCII_CHARS

A string literal containing all the ASCII characters with printable graphics that are not in the basic 55 Ada character

"abcdefghijkImnopqrstuvwxyz!\$%?@[\]^'{}~"

\$NON_ASCII_CHAR_TYPE

An enumerated type definition for a character type whose literals are the identifier NON_NULL and all non-ASCII characters with printable graphics.

(NON_NULL)

\$BLANKS

Blanks of length MAX_IN_LEN - 20

\$MAX_DIGITS

Maximum digits supported for floating point types.

\$NAME

A name of a predefined numeric type other than FLOAT, INTEGER, SHORT_FLOAT, SHORT_INTEGER, LONG_FLOAT, LONG_INTEGER, or DURATION. AlsyCOMP_003 supports no other type, so an arbitrary name was used.

LONG_LONG_INTEGER

\$INTEGER_FIRST

The universal integer literal expression whose value is INTEGER'FIRST.

-32768

Name and Meaning

______ Value

\$INTEGER_LAST

The universal integer literal expression whose value is INTEGER*LAST.

32767

\$MAX_INT

The universal integer expression whose value is SYSTEM.MAX_INT

2147483647

\$LESS_THAN_DURATION

A universal real value that lies between DURATION'BASE'FIRST and DURATION'FIRST or any value in the range of DURATION.

-100_000.0

\$GREATER_THAN_DURATION

A universal real value that lies between DURATION'BASE'LAST and DURATION'LAST or any value in the range of DURATION.

100_000.0

\$LESS_THAN_DURATION_BASE_FIRST
The universal real value that is less than DURATION'BASE'FIRST.

-33_554_433.0

\$GREATER_THAN_DURATION_BASE_LAST
The universal real value that is greater than DURATION'BASE'LAST.

33_554_434.0

\$COUNT_LAST

Value of COUNT'LAST in TEXT_IO package.

2147483647

\$FIELD_LAST

Value of FIELD'LAST in TEXT_IO package.

255

Name and Meanina

Value

\$FILE_NAME_WITH_BAD_CHARS

An illegal external file name that either contains invalid characters or is too long.

X}]10#\$*&~Y

\$FILE_NAME_WITH_WILD_CARD_CHAR An external file name either contains a wild card character or is too long.

XYZ.

\$ILLEGAL_EXTERNAL_FILE_NAME1 Illegal external file name.

BAD-CHARACTER+ 4

\$ILLEGAL_EXTERNAL_FILE_NAME2 Illegal external file names.

MUCH-TOO-LONG-NAME-FOR-A-FILE

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APPENDIX C

COMMAND SCRIPTS

File : DO_A.ADW

invoke acvc_env.adw, y

a21001a.ada, list=lst\a21001a.lst compile bind a21001a system.execute a21001a a22002a.ada, list=lst\a22002a.lst compile bind a22002a system.execute a22002a a22006b.ada, list=1st\a22006b.1st compile bind a22006b system.execute a22006b a26004a.exp, list=lst\a26004a.lst compile bind a26004a system.execute a26004a a29002a.ada, list=lst\a29002a.lst compile bind a29002a system.execute a29002a a29002b.ada, list=lst\a29002b.lst compile bind a29002b system.execute a29002b compile a29002c.ada, list=1st\a29002c.lst bind a29002c system.execute a29002c compile a29002d.ada, list=lst\a29002d.lst bind a29002d system.execute a29002d **compile** a29002e.ada, list=lst\a29002e.lst bind a29002e system.execute a29002e compile a29002f.ada, list=lst\a29002f.lst bind a29002f system.execute a29002f compile a29002g.ada, list=lst\a29002g.lst bind a29002g system.execute a29002g compile a29002h.ada, list=lst\a29002h.lst bind a29002h system.execute a29002h compile a29002i.ada, list=lst\a29002i.lst bind a29002i system.execute a29002i a29002j.ada, list=lst\a29002j.lst bind a290025 system.execute a29002j compile a2a03la.ada, list=1st\a2a03la.lst

the data and the military and the are the last that the first the

```
bind
      alaosla
system.execute a2a031a
               a32203b.ada, list=lst\a32203b.lst
compile
bind a32203b
system.execute a32203b
               a32203c.ada, list=lst\a32203c.lst
compile
bind a32203c
system.execute a32203c
               a32203d.ada, list=lst\a32203d.lst
compile
bind a32203d
system.execute a32203d
compile
               a34008b.ada, list=lst\a34008b.lst
bind a34008b
system.execute a34008b
               a38106d.ada, list=lst\a38106d.lst
compile
bind a38106d
system.execute a38106d
               a38106e.ada, list=lst\a38106e.lst
compile
bind a38106e
system.execute a38106e
compile
               a38199a.ada, list=1st\a38199a.lst
bind a38199a
system.execute a38199a
compile
                a38199b.ada, list=1st\a38199b.lst
bind a38199b
system.execute a38199b
              a38199c0.ada, list=lst\a38199c0.lst
a38199c1.ada, list=lst\a38199c1.lst
a38199c2.ada, list=lst\a38199c2.lst
compile
compile
compile
bind a38199clb
system.execute a38199cim
               a54b0la.ada, list=lst\a54b0la.lst
compile
bind a54b0la
system.execute a54b0la
               a54b02a.ada, list=lst\a54b02a.lst
compile
bind a54b02a
system.execute a54b02a
compile
               a55b12a.ada, list=lst\a55b12a.lst
bind 255bl2a
system.execute a55b12a
               a55b13a.ada, list=lst\a55b13a.lst
compile
bind z55bl3a
system.execute a55bl3a
               a55b14a.ada, list=lst\a55b14a.lst
compile
bind z55b14a
system.execute a55b14a
```

では、100mmの

```
compile
              a62006d.ada, list=lst\a62006d.lst
bind a62006d
system.execute a62006d
              a63202a.ada, list=1st\a63202a.lst
compile
bind a63202a
system.execute a63202a
              a7.1002a.ada, list=lst\a71002a.lst
compile
bind a71002a
system.execute a71002a
              a71004a.ada, list=lst\a71004a.lst
compile
bind a71004a
system.execute a71004a
compile
             a7200la.ada, list=lst\a7200la.lst
bind a7200la
system.execute a72001a
              a7300li.ada, list=lst\a7300li.lst
compile
bind a73001i
system.execute a7300li
              a73001j.ada, list=1st\a73001j.1st
compile
bind a73001j
system.execute a73001j
compile
              a74006a.ada, list=lst\a74006a.lst
bind a74006a
system.execute a74006a
              a74105b.ada, list=lst\a74105b.lst
compile
bind a74105b
system.execute a74105b
              a74106a.ada, list=lst\a74106a.lst
compile
bind a74106a
system.execute a74106a
compile
              a74106b.ada, list=lst\a74106b.lst
bind a74106b
system.execute a74106b
compile
             a74106c.ada, list=1st\a74106c.lst
bind a74106c
system.execute a74106c
              a74205e.ada, list=1st\a74205e.lst
compile
bind a74205e
system.execute a74205e
              a74205f.ada, list=1st\a74205f.lst
compile
bind a74205f
system.execute a74205f
              a83a02a.ada, list=lst\a83a02a.lst
compile
bind a83a02a
system.execute a83a02a
```

PARAZOLNI BSOSTEKATI BOKKA GODIN KATATATA

```
a83a02b.ada, list=lst\a83a02b.lst
 compile
 bind a83a02b
 system.execute a83a02b
               a83a06a.ada, list=lst\a83a06a.lst
 bind a83a06a
 system.execute a83a06a
               a83c01c.ada, list=lst\a83c01c.lst
 compile
 bind a83c0lc
 system.execute a83c01c
              a83c0ld.ada, list=lst\a83c0ld.lst
 compile
 bind a83c0ld
 system.execute a83c01d
              a83c0le.ada, list=lst\a83c0le.lst
 compile
 bind aE3c0le
 system.execute a83c0le
               a83c01f.ada, list=lst\a63c01f.lst
 compile
 bind a83c01f
 system.execute a83c0lf
              a83c01g.ada, list=1st\a83c01g.lst
 compile
 bind a83c01c
 system.execute a83c01g
              a83c0lh.ada, list=lst\a83c0lh.lst
 compile
 bind a83c01h
 system.execute a83c0lh
               aE3c0li.ada, list=lst\aE3c0li.lst
 compile
 bind a83c0li
system.execute a83c0li
compile a83c0lj.ada, list=lst\a83c0lj.lst
bind a83c01j
system.execute a83c01j
compile a85007d.ada, list=lst\a85007d.lst
bind a85007d
system.execute a85007d
compile a85013b.ada, list=1st\a85013b.lst
bind a85013b
system.execute a85013b
compile a91002m.ada, list=lst\a91002m.lst
system.execute a91002m
compile a95005a.ada, list=lst\a95005a.lst
bind a95005a
system.execute a95005a
compile a97106a.ada, list=lst\a97106a.lst
bind 2971062
system.execute a97106a
```

والمسترية والمراجعة والمستعدد والمستعد والمستعدد والمستع

```
compile ae2101a.ada, list=1st\ae2101a.lst
bind ae2101a
system.execute ae2101a
compile ae2101b.ada, list=lst\ae2101b.1st
bind ae2101b
system.execute ae2101b
compile ae2101c.dep, list=lst\ae2101c.lst
bind ae2101c
system.execute ae2101c
compile ae2101d.ada, list=1st\ae2101d.1st
bind ae2101d
system.execute ae2101d
compile ae2101f.ada, list=lst\ae2101f.lst
bind ae2101f
system.execute ae2101f
compile ae2101h.dep, list=lst\ae2101h.lst
bind ae2101h
system.execute ae2101h
compile ae2101s.ada, list=lst\ae2101s.lst
bind ae2101s
system.execute ae2101s
compile ae2101t.ada, list=1st\ae2101t.1st
bind ae2101t
system.execute ae2101t
compile ae2101u.ada, list=1st\ae2101u.lst
bind ae2101u
system.execute ae2101u
compile ae2101v.ada, list=1st\ae2101v.1st
bind ae2101v
system.execute ae2101v
compile ae3101a.ada, list=1st\ae3101a.1st
bind ae3101a
system.execute ae310la
compile ae3702a.ada, list=lst\ae3702a.lst
bind ae3702a
system.execute ae3702a
compile ae3709a.ada, list=lst\ae3709a.lst
bind ae3709a
system.execute ae3709a
```

AlsyCOMP_003, version 1.1.1 05/22/86 Validation Summary Report

File : ACVC_ENV.ADW

default.system stay_resident=no

default.compile library - \acvc\adalib,

banner = yes,

text = yes, line_length = 79,

= 999 error

default.bind lib=\acvc\adalib

lib.new \acvc\adalib,task, overwrite

File : EXECUTE.BAT

echo on

%1 > res\%1.res

erase %1.exe erase %1.exe erase %1.lnk

APPENDIX D

TEST NAMING

Each test name indicates the class of the test and which test objective in the ACVC Implementers' Guide applies to the test.

Each test has a name that identifies the section of the Ada Standard addressed by the test objective. The name of a test is interpreted according to the table below, where the first column indicates the character position in the name and the second column, the meaning of that position:

POS MEANING

10.500.000

- Test class: A, B, C, D, E, L.
- Implementers' Guide chapter number (in hexadecimal).
- .3 Implementers' Guide section number within a chapter (in Hexadecimal)
- Implementers' Guide subsection number (in hexadecimal)
- 5-6 Implementers' Guide Test Objective number (in decimal)
 - Test sequence letter
 - [Optional] Compilation sequence digit or letter
 - [Optional] Main program designator in the case of c test having multiple compilation units.

Characters 8 and 9 are only present for tests that consist of several separately compiled units. A series of separately compiled units is counted as one test for reporting purposes. The eighth character indicates the order in which the units are to be compiled, with unit 0 being compiled first. The minth character is only present for a file containing a main program for a test comprising multiple files and is always M.

A file name ending with the extension .TST indicates that the test depends on one or more of the implementation-dependent parameters listed in Appendix B. A file name ending with .DEP indicates that the test is not necessarily applicable to all implementations because it depends upon the support of language features that a compiler may legally not implement.

A test may comprise several separate compilation units contained in two or more files; the names of such files are indented under the name of the test. The letter "M" indicates which of these files contains the main procedure."

END OF DOCUMENT

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DTIC